

Printing date 28.06.2012 Revision: 27.06.2012

### 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · Product identifier
- · Trade name: SABA Primer H17 (B)
- Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance / the preparation Primer.
- · Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

SABA Dinxperlo BV

Industriestraat 3

NL-7091 DC Dinxperlo

The Netherlands

P.O Box 3

NL - 7090 AA Dinxperlo

The Netherlands

Tel.: +31 315 65 89 99 Fax: +31 315 65 32 07 E-mail: info@saba.nl Internet: www.saba.nl

- · Further information obtainable from: Drs. J.W. Diesveld (e-mail: j.diesveld@saba.nl)
- · Emergency telephone number: Tel.: +31 315 65 89 99

#### 2 Hazards identification

- · Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS05 corrosion

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

· Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC



C; Corrosive

R34: Causes burns.



Xn; Harmful

R21/22: Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.



Xi; Sensitising

*R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.* 

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F; Highly flammable

R11: Highly flammable.

*R67*: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

· Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment:

The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version.

· Classification system:

The classification is according to the latest editions of the EU-lists, and extended by company and literature data.

- · Label elements
- · Labelling according to EU guidelines:

The product has been classified and marked in accordance with EU Directives / Ordinance on Hazardous Materials.

· Code letter and hazard designation of product:

C Corrosive

F Highly flammable

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

N,N'-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)-1,2-ethanediamine

- · Risk phrases:
- Highly flammable.
- 21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.
- 34 Causes burns.
- 43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
- 67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
- · Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

#### 3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 141-78-6	ethyl acetate	71.31%
EINECS: 205-500-4	🗙 Xi R36; 🔥 F R11	
	R66-67	
	🚸 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; 仆 Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336	
	N,N'-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)-1,2-ethanediamine	15.17%
EINECS: 247-196-6	<u>□</u> C R34; <b>X</b> Xn R21; <b>X</b> Xi R43	
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 3, H331; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Škin Sens. 1, H317	
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CAS: 90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	10.87%
EINECS: 202-013-9	<b>X</b> Xn R22; <b>X</b> Xi R36/38	
	💠 Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	1
CAS: 108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	1.99%
EINECS: 203-550-1	Xn R20; Xi R36/37;	
	♠ Flam. Liq. 2, H225; ♠ Acute Tox. 4, H332; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335	
CAS: 107-15-3	ethylenediamine	0.44%
EINECS: 203-468-6	C R34; Xn R21/22; Xn R42/43 R10	
	<ul> <li>Flam. Liq. 3, H226;</li> <li>Resp. Sens. 1, H334;</li> <li>Skin Corr. 1B, H314;</li> <li>Acute Tox. 4, H302;</li> <li>Acute Tox. 4, H302;</li> </ul>	1

<sup>•</sup> Additional information: For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.

## 4 First aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down.

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

- · After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

- · Information for doctor:
- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- · Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

### 5 Firefighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fire with alcohol resistant foam.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

- · Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

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#### 6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- · Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- · Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Use neutralizing agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents

· Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

## 7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- · Precautions for safe handling

Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Store in a cool location.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs.
- · Further information about storage conditions: Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

### 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · Control parameters
- · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

## 141-78-6 ethyl acetate

WEL Short-term value: 400 ppm Long-term value: 200 ppm

#### 108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one

WEL Short-term value: 416 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 208 mg/m³, 50 ppm

Sk, BMGV

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

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Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

#### · Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Short term filter device:

Filter A

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation.

#### · Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### · Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· For the permanent contact of a maximum of 15 minutes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Neoprene gloves

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

### 9 Physical and chemical properties

- · Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information
- · Appearance:

Form: Fluid
Colour: Yellow tint
Odour: Amine-like

· pH-value: Not applicable.

· Change in condition

Boiling point/Boiling range: 77°C

- · Flash point:  $-4^{\circ}C$
- · Flammability (solid, gaseous): Not applicable.
- Ignition temperature: 460°C
- · **Self-igniting:** Product is not selfigniting.
- · Danger of explosion: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures are possible.

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· Explosion limits:	
Lower:	2.1 Vol %
Upper:	11.5 Vol %
· Vapour pressure at 20°C:	97 hPa
· Density at 20°C:	0.91 g/cm³
· Solubility in / Miscibility with water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.
· Viscosity: Dynamic at 20°C:	10 mPas
· Solvent content:	
Organic solvents:	73.3 %
VOC (EC)	73.74 %
Solids content:	26.3 %
· Other information	The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## 10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity
- · Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions

Decomposes with water, acids and alkalis.

Reacts with water.

Reacts with humid air.

Reacts with oxidizing agents.

- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · Hazardous decomposition products:

Nitrogen oxides

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

## 11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:

LD/LC50	values rele	evant for classification:
141-78-6 e	ethyl acetai	te
Oral	LD50	4100 mg/kg (mouse)
		> 5000 mg/kg (rat)
		4935 mg/kg (rabbit)
Dermal	LD50	> 5000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	31.0 mg/l (mouse)
		> 50 mg/l (rat)
25707-70-	4 N,N'-bis	(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)-1,2-ethanediamine
Oral	LD50	> 1660 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	> 2500 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	< 10 mg/l (rat)

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90-72-2 2,	4,6-tris(din	nethylaminomethyl)phenol
Oral	LD50	1200 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	1280 mg/kg (rat)
108-10-1 4	-methylpe	ntan-2-one
Oral	LD50	1900 - 2850 mg/kg (mouse)
		2080 - 4600 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	> 16000 mg/kg (rab)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	23.3 mg/l (mouse)
		8.3-16.6 mg/l (rat)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · on the skin: Caustic effect on skin and mucous membranes.
- · on the eye: Strong caustic effect.
- · Sensitization: Sensitization possible through skin contact.
- · Additional toxicological information:

The product shows the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General EU Classification Guidelines for Preparations as issued in the latest version:

Harmful

Corrosive

*Irritant* 

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.

#### 12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity:

#### 141-78-6 ethyl acetate

EC50 > 164 mg/kg (daphnia)

- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Behaviour in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralized.

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

### 13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· European waste catalogue

08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

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· Uncleaned packaging:

• Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Transport information	
· UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN2924
· UN proper shipping name · ADR · IMDG, IATA	2924 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (ETHE ACETATE, N,N'-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)-1, ethanediamine) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (ETHE ACETATE, N,N'-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)-1, ethanediamine)
· Transport hazard class(es)	,
· ADR	
· Class	3 (FC) Flammable liquids.
· Label	3+8
· Class · Label	3 Flammable liquids. 3+8
· Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	II
Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:	No
· Special precautions for user · Danger code (Kemler): · EMS Number: · Segregation groups	Warning: Flammable liquids. 338 F-E,S-C Alkalis
· Transport in bulk according to Annex MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	II of Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR · Excepted quantities (EQ): · Limited quantities (LQ) · Tunnel restriction code	E2 IL D/E
· UN ''Model Regulation'':	UN2924, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O. (ETHYL ACETATE, N,N'-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)-1, ethanediamine), 3 (8), II

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### 15 Regulatory information

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### 16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### · Relevant phrases

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- R10 Flammable.
- R11 Highly flammable.
- R20 Harmful by inhalation.
- R21 Harmful in contact with skin.
- R21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.
- R22 Harmful if swallowed.
- R34 Causes burns.
- R36 Irritating to eyes.
- R36/37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.
- R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.
- R42/43 May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.
- R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
- R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- *R67* Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- · Contact: Drs. J.W. Diesveld

### · Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

 $VOC:\ Volatile\ Organic\ Compounds\ (USA,\ EU)$ 

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent